1.) Use any method to determine the following indefinite integrals (antiderivatives).

a.)
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$
 b.) $\int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1-(e^x)^2}} dx$ c.) $\int \frac{e^x}{1+e^x} dx$ d.) $\int \frac{1}{1+e^x} dx$

e.)
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$
 f.) $\int \cos^2 x dx$ g.) $\int \cot x dx$ h.) $\int \cot^2 x \csc^2 x dx$

i.)
$$\int \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{x^2} dx$$
 j.) $\int \frac{x^2 + 5x + 6}{x + 1} dx$ k.) $\int (x^2 + 1)(x^3 + 3x)^{10} dx$

l.)
$$\int \frac{x+6}{(x+5)^2} dx$$
 m.) $\int \frac{(\ln x)^4}{x} dx$ n.) $\int \sec^2(3x) \ 2^{\tan(3x)} dx$

2.) Use any method to compute the area of the region bounded by the graphs of

a.)
$$y = x, y = 0$$
, and $y = 4 - x$.
b.) $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ and $y = 0$.

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- 3.) Assume that snow is falling at the rate of $t + \sqrt{t}$ in./hr. at time t hours. SET UP a definite integral and compute the total amount of snowfall between t = 0 and t = 4 hours.
- 4.) Use the limit definition of the definite integral to evaluate $\int_{1}^{3} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$; use an arbitrary partition $1 = x_0 < x_1 < x_2 < ... < x_{n-1} < x_n = 5$ of the interval [1, 5] and use sampling points $c_i = \sqrt{x_{i-1}x_i}$ for i = 1, 2, 3, ..., n.
- 5.) Determine an equation of the line tangent to the graph of $F(x) = 3 + 2x + x \int_{1}^{x} \arctan t \, dt \text{ at } x = 1.$
- 6.) Each of the following limits is equal to a definite integral. Determine a definite integral for each. Do not evaluate the definite integral.

a.)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 3\left(1 + \frac{2i}{n}\right)^{-4} \left(\frac{2}{n}\right) \qquad \text{b.) } \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \ln\left(3 + \frac{2i}{n}\right) \left(\frac{8}{n}\right)$$

c.)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{i}{in+n^2}$$
 d.) $\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{(n+2i-1)^2}{n^3}$

7.) Assume that f is an odd function and $\int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx = 3$. What is the value of

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$$\int_{-1}^{-2} f(x) dx ?$$

- 8.) A thin rod lies along the x-axis between x = 1 and $x = \ln 5$. Its density at x cm. is given by $e^{-x}(1 e^{-x})^5$ gm./cm. SET UP a definite integral and compute the exact mass of the rod.
- 9.) Find all values of c guaranteed by the Mean Value Theorem for Integrals for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1, & \text{if } -1 \le x < 0 \\ 1-x^2, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \end{cases}.$$

- 10.) The total distance s (in miles) traveled by a hiker at time t (in hours) is $s(t) = t + \ln(1 + (\frac{1}{2})t)$. Find the hiker's average hiking speed between t = 0 hrs. and t = 4 hrs.
- 11.) Determine a function having the following properties:

$$f''(x) = 1 + e^{\frac{x}{2}}, f'(0) = -1, \text{ and } f(0) = 3$$

THE FOLLOWING PROBLEM IS FOR RECREATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.

12.) Two bicyclists are twelve miles apart. They begin riding toward each other, one pedaling at 4 mph and the other at 2 mph. At the same time a bumblebee begins flying back and forth between the riders at a constant speed of 10 mph. How far does the bumblebee travel by the time the riders meet?