

Math 16B
Kouba
Absolute Error

Ex: What should n be so that S_n , Simpson's Rule with n parts, estimates the exact value of $\int_0^2 \ln(x+3) dx$ with absolute error at most 0.0001?

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \ln(x+3) \xrightarrow{D} f'(x) = \frac{1}{x+3} = (x+3)^{-1} \\ \xrightarrow{D} f''(x) &= -(x+3)^{-2} \xrightarrow{D} f'''(x) = 2(x+3)^{-3} \\ \rightarrow f^{(4)}(x) &= -6(x+3)^{-4} = \frac{-6}{(x+3)^4} ; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{0 \leq x \leq 2} |f^{(4)}(x)| &= \max_{0 \leq x \leq 2} \left| \frac{-6}{(x+3)^4} \right| \\ &= \frac{6}{(0+3)^4} = \frac{6}{81} = \frac{2}{27} ; \text{ then} \end{aligned}$$

$$h = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{2-0}{n} = \frac{2}{n} \text{ and}$$

$$|E_n| \leq (2-0) \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)^4}{180} \cdot \left\{ \frac{2}{27} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{64}{(180)(27)n^4} = \frac{16}{(45)(27)n^4} = \frac{16}{1215n^4} \leq 0.0001$$

$$\rightarrow n^4 \geq \frac{16}{1215(0.0001)} \approx 131.7$$

$$\rightarrow n \geq (131.7)^{1/4} \approx 3.38, \text{ choose } \boxed{n=4} !$$