

1.) Find the general solution to each of the following systems of differential equations. Write your answer in matrix (vector) form. (All eigenvalues are complex conjugates.)

$$\text{a.) } X' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$\text{b.) } X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$\text{c.) } X' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$\text{d.) } X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$\text{e.) } X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$\text{f.) } X' = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} X$$

Worksheet 3.5

$$1.) a.) X' = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} X \rightarrow$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} -1 - \lambda & 1 \\ -1 & -1 - \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (-1 - \lambda)(-1 - \lambda) - (1)(-1) = \lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1 + 1 = \lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(1)(2)}}{2(1)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm 2i}{2} = -1 \pm i;$$

$$\text{For } \lambda = -1 + i: (A - \lambda I)X = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -i & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -i & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & i & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x_1 + ix_2 = 0 \text{ so let} \\ x_2 = t \text{ any } \# \rightarrow \end{array}$$

$$x_1 = -ix_2 = -it \text{ so}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -it \\ t \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and eigenvector is } \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix};$$

solution is

$$X = c \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{(-1+i)t} = c \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} e^{it}$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} (\cos t + i \sin t)$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} -i \cos t + \sin t \\ \cos t + i \sin t \end{bmatrix} e^{-t}$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} \sin t \\ \cos t \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} + ci \begin{bmatrix} -\cos t \\ \sin t \end{bmatrix} e^{-t}$$

$$= c_1 \begin{bmatrix} \sin t \\ \cos t \end{bmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} -\cos t \\ \sin t \end{bmatrix} e^{-t}$$

$$b.) X' = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} X \rightarrow$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} 2 - \lambda & -1 \\ 3 & -\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (2 - \lambda)(-\lambda) - (-1)(3) = \lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 3 = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4-12}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{2}i}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{2}i ;$$

For $\lambda = 1 + \sqrt{2}i$: $(A - \lambda I)X = 0 \rightarrow$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 - \sqrt{2}i & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 - \sqrt{2}i & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 - \sqrt{2}i & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

$(1 - \sqrt{2}i)x_1 - x_2 = 0$ so let $x_1 = t$ any $\neq 0 \rightarrow$

$x_2 = (1 - \sqrt{2}i)x_1 = (1 - \sqrt{2}i)t$ and

$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ (1 - \sqrt{2}i)t \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 - \sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix}$ and eigenvector

is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 - \sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix}$; solution is

$$X = c \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 - \sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} e^{(1 + \sqrt{2}i)t} = c \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 - \sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} e^t e^{\sqrt{2}it}$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 - \sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} e^t (\cos \sqrt{2}t + i \sin \sqrt{2}t)$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2}t + i \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ (1 - \sqrt{2}i) \cos \sqrt{2}t + (i + \sqrt{2}) \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$= c_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2}t \\ \cos \sqrt{2}t + \sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^t + c_2 i \begin{bmatrix} \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ -\sqrt{2} \cos \sqrt{2}t + \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$= c_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2}t \\ \cos \sqrt{2}t + \sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ \sin \sqrt{2}t - \sqrt{2} \cos \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

c.) $X' = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} X \rightarrow$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} -1 - \lambda & 1 \\ -3 & 1 - \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (-1 - \lambda)(1 - \lambda) - (1)(-3) = \lambda^2 - 1 + 3 = \lambda^2 + 2 = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\lambda^2 = -2 \rightarrow \lambda = \pm \sqrt{-2} = \pm \sqrt{2}i ;$$

For $\lambda = \sqrt{2}i$: $(A - \lambda I)X = 0 \rightarrow$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -1-\sqrt{2}i & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 1-\sqrt{2}i & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -1-\sqrt{2}i & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

$(-1-\sqrt{2}i)x_1 + x_2 = 0$ so let $x_1 = t$ any # \rightarrow

$$x_2 = (1+\sqrt{2}i)x_1 = (1+\sqrt{2}i)t \text{ and}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ (1+\sqrt{2}i)t \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1+\sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} \text{ and}$$

is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1+\sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix}$; solution is

$$X = e^{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1+\sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} (\sqrt{2}i)t} = e^{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1+\sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} (\sqrt{2}t)i}$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1+\sqrt{2}i \end{bmatrix} (\cos \sqrt{2}t + i \sin \sqrt{2}t)}$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2}t + i \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ (1+\sqrt{2}i) \cos \sqrt{2}t + (i-\sqrt{2}) \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2}t \\ \cos \sqrt{2}t - \sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix}} + e^{i \begin{bmatrix} \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ \sqrt{2} \cos \sqrt{2}t + \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$= e_1 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \sqrt{2}t \\ \cos \sqrt{2}t - \sqrt{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix} + e_2 \begin{bmatrix} \sin \sqrt{2}t \\ \sqrt{2} \cos \sqrt{2}t + \sin \sqrt{2}t \end{bmatrix}$$

d.) $X' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} X \rightarrow$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 3 \\ -2 & -2-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (1-\lambda)(-2-\lambda) - (3)(-2) = \lambda^2 + \lambda - 2 + 6 = \lambda^2 + \lambda + 4 = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-16}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{15}i}{2};$$

For $\lambda = \frac{-1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}i$: $(A - \lambda I)X = 0 \rightarrow$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} \frac{3}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}i & 3 & 0 \\ -2 & -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}i & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow$$

$$x_1 + \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i\right)x_2 = 0 \text{ so let } x_2 = t \text{ any } \# \rightarrow$$

$$x_1 = -\left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i\right)x_2 = \left(-\frac{3}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i\right)t \text{ and}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \left(-\frac{3}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i\right)t \\ t \end{bmatrix} = -t \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and}$$

eigenvector is $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$; solution is

$$X = e^{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} t} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}i\right)t}$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} t} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} e^{\left(\frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t\right)i}$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} t} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \left(\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t + i \sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t\right)$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}i\right)\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t + \left(\frac{3}{4}i - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}\right)\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \\ -\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t - i \sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \end{bmatrix} t}$$

$$= e^{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4}\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \\ -\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \end{bmatrix} t} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$+ e^{i\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t + \frac{3}{4}\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \\ -\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \end{bmatrix} t} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$= c_1 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4}\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \\ -\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$+ c_2 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}\cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t + \frac{3}{4}\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \\ -\sin \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}t \end{bmatrix} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t}$$

$$e.) X' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} X \rightarrow$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ -1 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (1-\lambda)(1-\lambda) - (1)(-1) = \lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 1 + 1 = \lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 2 = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4-8}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 2i}{2} = 1 \pm i;$$

$$\text{For } \lambda = 1+i: (A - \lambda I)X = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -i & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -i & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & i & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow x_1 + ix_2 = 0 \text{ so let}$$

$$x_2 = t \text{ any } \# \rightarrow x_1 = -ix_2 = -it \text{ and}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -it \\ t \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and eigenvector is } \begin{bmatrix} i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix};$$

solution is

$$X = c \begin{bmatrix} i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} e^{(1+i)t} = c \begin{bmatrix} i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} e^t e^{it}$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} e^t (\cos t + i \sin t)$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} i \cos t - \sin t \\ -\cos t - i \sin t \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} -\sin t \\ -\cos t \end{bmatrix} e^t + ci \begin{bmatrix} \cos t \\ -\sin t \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$= c_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin t \\ -\cos t \end{bmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos t \\ -\sin t \end{bmatrix} e^t$$

$$f.) X' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} X \rightarrow$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = \det \begin{bmatrix} -\lambda & -1 \\ 1 & -\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \lambda^2 - (-1)(1) = \lambda^2 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \lambda^2 = -1 \rightarrow \\ \lambda = \pm \sqrt{-1} = \pm i ;$$

$$\text{For } \lambda = i : (A - \lambda I)X = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -i & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -i & 0 \end{array} \right] \sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -i & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow x_1 - ix_2 = 0$$

so let $x_2 = t$ any $\neq \rightarrow x_1 = ix_2 = it$ and

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} it \\ t \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and eigenvector is } \begin{bmatrix} i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

solution is

$$X = c \begin{bmatrix} i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{it} = c \begin{bmatrix} i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} (\cos t + i \sin t)$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} i \cos t - \sin t \\ \cos t + i \sin t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= c \begin{bmatrix} -\sin t \\ \cos t \end{bmatrix} + ci \begin{bmatrix} \cos t \\ \sin t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= e_1 \begin{bmatrix} -\sin t \\ \cos t \end{bmatrix} + e_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos t \\ \sin t \end{bmatrix}.$$