

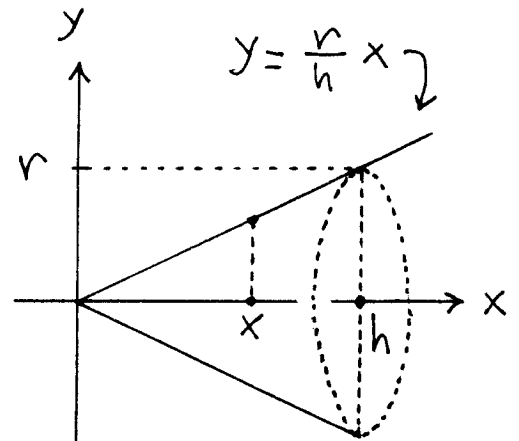
Math 21B

Kouba

An Example of Surface Area

Example: Derive a formula for the surface area (base not included) of a cone of radius  $r$  and height  $h$ :

Revolve line  $y = \frac{r}{h}x$  on  $[0, h]$  about the  $x$ -axis.



Then

$$\text{Area} = 2\pi \int_0^h f(x) \cdot \sqrt{1 + (f'(x))^2} dx$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^h \left(\frac{r}{h}x\right) \cdot \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{r}{h}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \frac{r}{h} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{h^2 + r^2}{h^2}} \cdot \int_0^h x dx$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \frac{r}{h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{h^2 + r^2}}{h} \cdot \left. \frac{1}{2} x^2 \right|_0^h$$

$$= \pi \cdot \frac{r \cdot \sqrt{h^2 + r^2}}{h^2} \cdot (h^2 - 0^2)$$

$$= \pi \cdot r \cdot \sqrt{h^2 + r^2}$$