

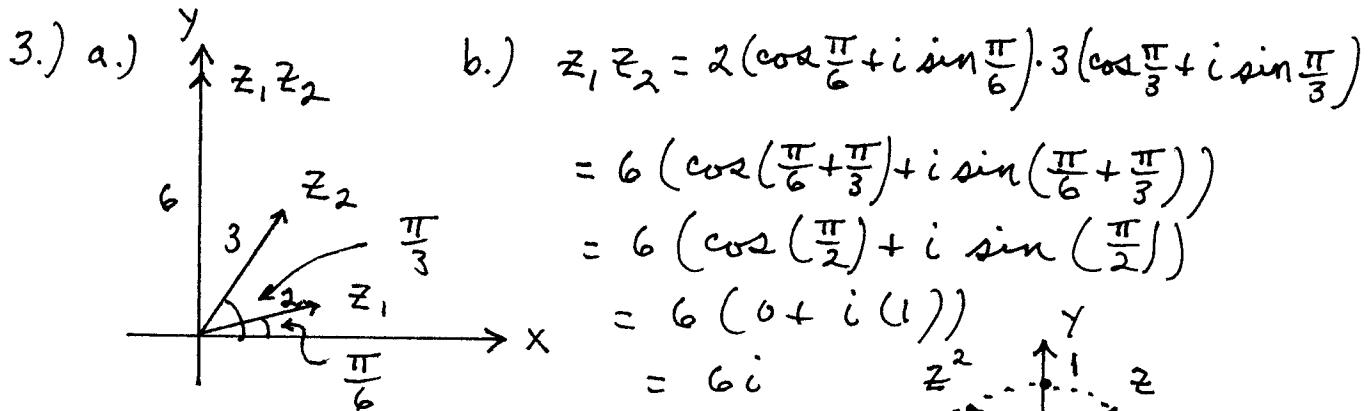
Section 11.6

1.) a.) $(2+3i) + (5-2i) = 7+i$

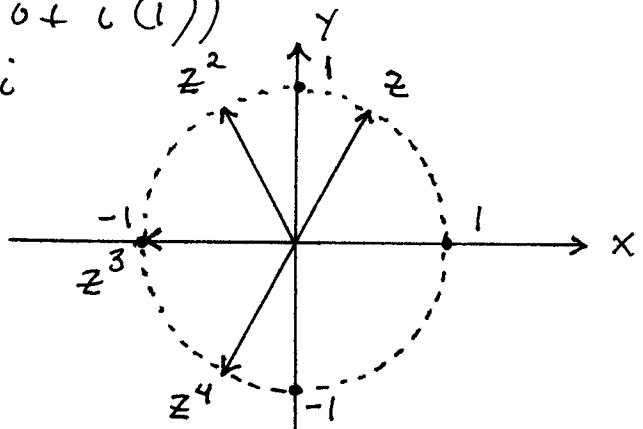
d.) $\frac{3+2i}{4-i} = \frac{3+2i}{4-i} \cdot \frac{4+i}{4+i} = \frac{12+11i+2i^2}{16-i^2}$
 $= \frac{12+11i-2}{16-(-1)} = \frac{10}{17} + \frac{11}{17}i$

2.) a.) $(2+3i)^2 = 4+12i+9i^2 = 4+12i-9 = -5+12i$

d.) $\frac{1+5i}{2-3i} = \frac{1+5i}{2-3i} \cdot \frac{2+3i}{2+3i} = \frac{2+13i+15i^2}{4-9i^2}$
 $= \frac{2+13i-15}{4-9(-1)} = \frac{-13}{13} + \frac{13i}{13} = -1+i$



5.) $z = 1 \cdot (\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3}),$
 $z^2 = (\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3})^2$
 $= \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3},$
 $z^3 = (\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3})^3$
 $= \cos \frac{3\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{3} = \cos \pi + i \sin \pi,$
 $z^4 = (\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3})^4$
 $= \cos \frac{4\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{4\pi}{3}$



$$6.) \text{ a.) } i^3 = i^2 \cdot i = -i$$

$$\text{ b.) } i^4 = i^2 \cdot i^2 = (-1)(-1) = 1$$

$$\text{ c.) } i^5 = i^4 \cdot i = (1)i = i$$

$$\text{ d.) } i^{13} = (i^4)^{18} \cdot i = (1)^{18} \cdot i = i$$

$$7.) z = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)$$

$$\text{ a.) } z^2 = 2^2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)^2$$

$$= 4 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{6} \right) = 4 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right),$$

$$\text{ mag}(z^2) = 4 \text{ and } \arg(z^2) = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\text{ b.) } z^3 = 2^3 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)^3$$

$$= 8 \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{6} \right) = 8 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{2} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right),$$

$$\text{ mag}(z^3) = 8 \text{ and } \arg(z^3) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\text{ c.) } z^4 = 2^4 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)^4$$

$$= 16 \left(\cos \frac{4\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{4\pi}{6} \right) = 16 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right),$$

$$\text{ mag}(z^4) = 16 \text{ and } \arg(z^4) = \frac{2}{3}\pi$$

$$\text{ d.) } z^n = 2^n \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right)^n$$

$$= 2^n \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{n\pi}{6} \right),$$

$$\text{ mag}(z^n) = 2^n \text{ and } \arg(z^n) = \frac{n\pi}{6}$$

$$11.) z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) \text{ and } w = \frac{1}{r} (\cos(-\theta) + i \sin(-\theta))$$

$$\text{ then } zw = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta) \cdot \frac{1}{r} (\cos(-\theta) + i \sin(-\theta))$$

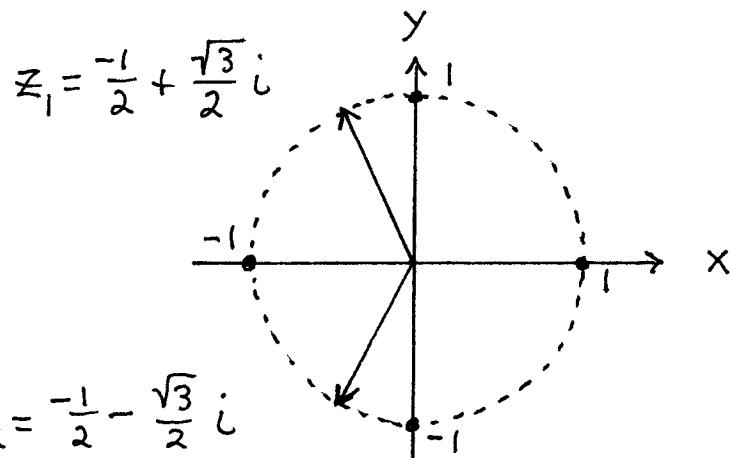
$$= \frac{r}{r} (\cos(\theta - \theta) + i \sin(\theta - \theta))$$

$$= 1(\cos 0 + i \sin 0) = 1(1 + i(0)) = 1.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 12.) \quad z = 4+4i &\Rightarrow |z| = \sqrt{4^2+4^2} = \sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \\
 z &= 4\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{4}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{4}{4\sqrt{2}}i \right) = 4\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \right) \\
 &= 4\sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right); \text{ by 11.)} \\
 \bar{z}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \left(\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{4} \right) + i \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) = \frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 13.) \quad a.) \quad z &= 2+3i \quad \text{and} \quad z^2 - 4z + 13 = (2+3i)^2 - 4(2+3i) + 13 \\
 &= 4+12i+9i^2 - 8-12i+13 = 9-9+0 = 0 \\
 b.) \quad z^2 - 4z + 13 &= 0 \Rightarrow \\
 z &= \frac{-(-4) \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(13)}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{-36}}{2} = 2 \pm 3i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$14.) \quad a.) \quad z^2 + z + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow z = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{3}}{2}i$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 19.) \quad d.) \quad &3(\cos 42^\circ + i \sin 42^\circ) \cdot 5(\cos 168^\circ + i \sin 168^\circ) \\
 &= 15(\cos(42^\circ + 168^\circ) + i \sin(42^\circ + 168^\circ)) \\
 &= 15(\cos 210^\circ + i \sin 210^\circ) \\
 &= 15 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + i \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) = -\frac{15\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{15}{2}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e.) & \frac{\sqrt{8}(\cos 147^\circ + i \sin 147^\circ)}{\sqrt{2}(\cos 57^\circ + i \sin 57^\circ)} \\
 &= \frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{2}} (\cos(147^\circ - 57^\circ) + i \sin(147^\circ - 57^\circ)) \\
 &= 2(\cos 90^\circ + i \sin 90^\circ) = 2(0 + i(1)) = 2i
 \end{aligned}$$

g.) (by problem 11.)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [3(\cos 52^\circ + i \sin 52^\circ)]^{-1} \\
 &= \frac{1}{3}(\cos(-52^\circ) + i \sin(-52^\circ)) \\
 &= \frac{1}{3}(\cos 52^\circ - i \sin 52^\circ)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 h.) & \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{12} = \cos\left(12 \cdot \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i \sin\left(12 \cdot \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \\
 &= \cos 2\pi + i \sin 2\pi = 1 + i(0) = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 20.) d.) & \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{12}\right)^{20} = \cos\left(\frac{20\pi}{12}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{20\pi}{12}\right) \\
 &= \cos \frac{5\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2} + i\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 23.) \text{FACT: } & (\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^n = \cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta \Rightarrow \\
 & (\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)^3 = \cos 3\theta + i \sin 3\theta \Rightarrow \\
 & \cos^3 \theta + 3 \cos^2 \theta \cdot (\sin \theta \cdot i) + 3 \cos \theta \cdot (\sin \theta \cdot i)^2 \\
 & + (i \sin \theta)^3 = \cos 3\theta + i \sin 3\theta \Rightarrow \\
 & \cos^3 \theta + (3 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta) i - 3 \sin^2 \theta \cos \theta \\
 & - \sin^3 \theta \cdot i = \cos 3\theta + i \sin 3\theta \Rightarrow \\
 & (\cos^3 \theta - 3 \sin^2 \theta \cos \theta) + (3 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta - \sin^3 \theta) i \\
 & = \cos 3\theta + i \sin 3\theta \Rightarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos 3\theta = \cos^3 \theta - 3 \sin^2 \theta \cos \theta \quad \text{and}$$

$$\sin 3\theta = 3 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta - \sin^3 \theta.$$

36.) $x^2 + (i)x + 3 - i = 0 \Rightarrow$

$$x = \frac{-i \pm \sqrt{(i)^2 - 4(1)(3-i)}}{2(1)} = \frac{-i \pm \sqrt{-1 - 12 + 4i}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-i \pm \sqrt{-13 + 4i}}{2};$$

$$z = -13 + 4i$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{4}{13}$$

$$\text{so } \alpha = \arctan\left(\frac{4}{13}\right)$$

$$\text{and } \theta = \pi - \alpha$$

$$= \pi - \arctan\left(\frac{4}{13}\right);$$

then

$$z_1 = 185^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \right),$$

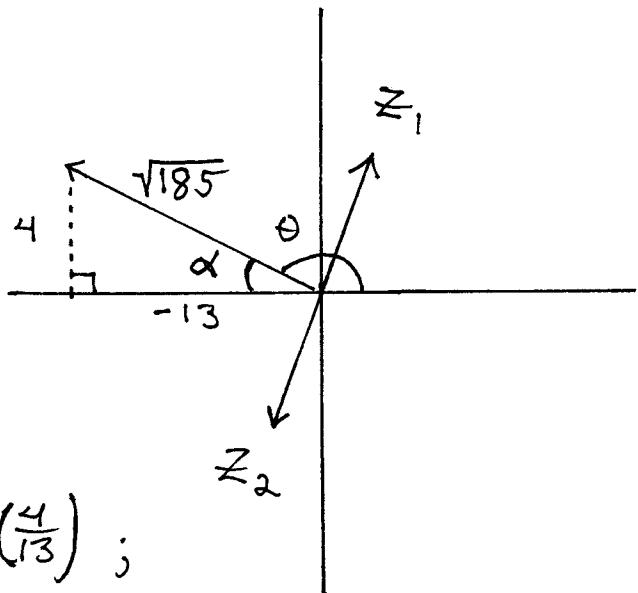
$$z_2 = 185^{\frac{1}{4}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2} + \pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2} + \pi\right) \right), \text{ and}$$

$$x = \frac{-i + z_1}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad x = \frac{-i + z_2}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$x = \frac{-i \pm z_1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(-i \pm 185^{\frac{1}{4}} \cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \right. \\ \left. \pm 185^{\frac{1}{4}} \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)i \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$x = \pm \frac{185^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2} \cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) + i \left(\frac{-1}{2} \pm \frac{185^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2} \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \right),$$

$$\text{where } \theta = \pi - \arctan\left(\frac{4}{13}\right).$$



21.) Solve $z^3 = i$:

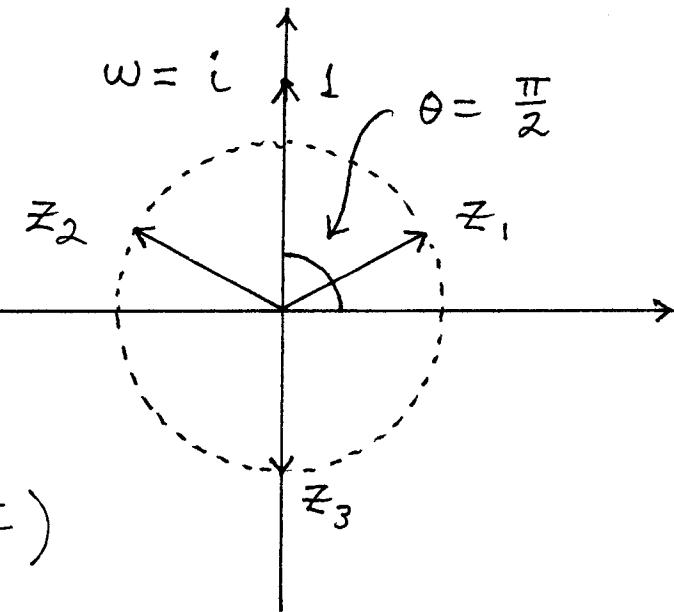
$$\begin{aligned} w &= i \\ &= 0 + i \cdot 1 \\ &= \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= 1 \cdot \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{2} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right); \end{aligned}$$

then $\frac{\theta}{3} = \frac{\pi}{6}$ and

$$\begin{aligned} z_1 &= 1 \cdot \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i \quad , \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_2 &= 1 \cdot \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) \right) \\ &= \cos \frac{5\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{6} \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} i \quad , \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_3 &= 1 \cdot \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{4\pi}{3} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{4\pi}{3} \right) \right) \\ &= \cos \frac{9\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{9\pi}{6} \\ &= 0 + i(-1) = -i \quad . \end{aligned}$$



10.) Solve $z^4 = 8 + 8\sqrt{3}i$:

$$w = 8 + 8\sqrt{3}i$$

$$= 16 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right)$$

$$= 16 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right);$$

then $\frac{\theta}{4} = \frac{\pi}{12}$ and

$$z_1 = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{12} \right),$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_2 &= 2 \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \\ &= 2 \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{12} \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_3 &= 2 \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \pi \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \pi \right) \right) \\ &= 2 \left(\cos \frac{13\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{13\pi}{12} \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_4 &= 2 \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right) \right) \\ &= 2 \left(\cos \frac{19\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{19\pi}{12} \right) \end{aligned}$$

