

Homework 2

The Lie Bracket.

Q1 Suppose v, w are vector fields.
Is it always possible (at least locally) to find coordinates $x^a = (x, y, \dots)$ such that

$$v = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \quad , \quad w = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \quad ?$$

Q2 Consider the sphere S^2 with spherical coordinates (θ, φ) again. Here are three interesting vector fields

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \\ \sin \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot \theta \cos \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \\ \cos \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - \cot \theta \sin \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \end{cases}$$

Since vectors are linear differential operators it is possible to compute their commutators (i.e. $uv - vu \equiv [u, v]$) or "Lie Brackets".

- (i) interpret the above vector fields
- (ii) compute their Lie brackets
(comment on your result).
- (iii) Justify or re-evaluate your answer to Q1 using (ii).