

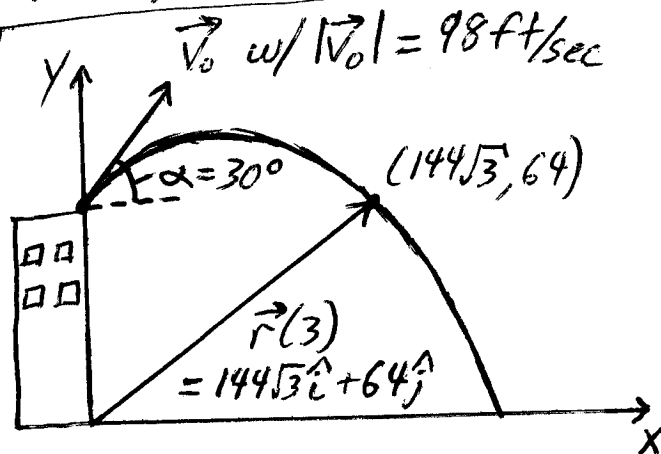
Projectile Motion Ex

Ex A golf ball is hit @ a 30° angle to the horizontal with initial velocity of 98 ft/sec off the top of a building 64 ft high.

Equations

$$x(t) = |\vec{v}_0| \cos \alpha t = (98 \cos 30^\circ)t = 48\sqrt{3}t$$

$$y(t) = b + |\vec{v}_0| \sin \alpha t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 = 64 + (98 \sin 30^\circ)t - 16t^2 = 64 + 48t - 16t^2$$



Hence, $\vec{r}(t) = x(t)\hat{i} + y(t)\hat{j}$ w/ $x(t) = 48\sqrt{3}t$ & $y(t) = 64 + 48t - 16t^2$

1) What's position of ball @ $t=3$ secs?

$$\vec{r}(3) = x(3)\hat{i} + y(3)\hat{j} = 48\sqrt{3}(3)\hat{i} + (64 + 48(3) - 16(3)^2)\hat{j} = 144\sqrt{3}\hat{i} + 64\hat{j}$$

2) How high does the ball go?

The highest point is equivalent to $y'(t) = 0$ for certain t .

$$\Rightarrow \text{Want to find } t \text{ such that } y'(t) = 48 - 32t = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{3}{2} \text{ sec} \Rightarrow \text{Max. height} = y\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 64 + 48\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) - 16\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = 100 \text{ ft}$$

3) How long is it in the air?

Time t it strikes ground is equivalent to $y(t) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = 64 + 48t - 16t^2 = 0 \Rightarrow -16(t^2 - 3t - 4) = 0 \Rightarrow (t-4)(t+1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 4 \text{ sec} \text{ or } t = -1 \text{ sec}$$

4) How far from base of building land? $x(4) = 48\sqrt{3}(4) = 192\sqrt{3} \text{ ft}$

5) What's ball's direction of motion & speed as it strikes the ground?

$$\vec{r}(t) = 48\sqrt{3}t\hat{i} + (64 + 48t - 16t^2)\hat{j} \Rightarrow \vec{v}(t) = \vec{r}'(t) = 48\sqrt{3}\hat{i} + (48 - 32t)\hat{j}$$

$$\text{- Direction of Motion @ } t=4 = \vec{v}(4) = 48\sqrt{3}\hat{i} - 80\hat{j}$$

$$\text{- Speed @ } t=4 = |\vec{v}(4)| = \sqrt{(83)^2 + (-80)^2} \approx 115 \text{ ft/sec}$$