

$$I = \int x^3 \sqrt{x^2+15} dx, \quad \text{Let } u = \sqrt{x^2+15}$$

$$\text{Then } u^2 = x^2 + 15$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(u^2) = 2x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{d}{du}(u^2) \frac{du}{dx} = 2x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \cancel{2}u \frac{du}{dx} = \cancel{2}x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow u du = x dx$$

$$\text{So, } I = \int x^2 \cdot x \cdot \sqrt{x^2+15} dx$$

$$u = \sqrt{x^2+15}$$

$$u^2 = x^2+15$$

$$x^2 = u^2-15$$

$$= \int \frac{x^2}{u^2-15} \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt{x^2+15}}_u \cdot \underbrace{x dx}_{=u du}$$

$$= \int (u^2-15) u \cdot u du$$

$$= \int (u^2-15) u^2 du$$

$$= \int (u^4 - 15u^2) du$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} u^5 - \frac{15}{3} u^3 + C$$

$$\sqrt{x^2+15} = (x^2+15)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} (x^2+15)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5 (x^2+15)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

$$= (x^2+15)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{5} (x^2+15)^{\frac{2}{2}} - 5 \right] + C$$

$$= (x^2+15)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{5} x^2 + 3 - 5 \right] + C$$

$$= \underline{\underline{(x^2+15)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{5} x^2 - 2 \right) + C}}$$